HISTORIC AND DESIGN REVIEW COMMISSION

October 06, 2021

HDRC CASE NO:	2021-467
ADDRESS:	903 LABOR ST
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	NCB 734 BLK 7 LOT A17 & A18
ZONING:	IDZ, H
CITY COUNCIL DIST.:	1
DISTRICT:	Lavaca Historic District
APPLICANT:	Jeremy Carter/Neighborhood Housing Services of San Antonio, Inc.
OWNER:	Mario Gonzalez/SOUTHTOWN ONE LTD
TYPE OF WORK:	Relocation of historic structure, construction of an addition
APPLICATION RECEIVED:	September 14, 2021
60-DAY REVIEW:	Not applicable due to City Council Emergency Orders
60-DAY REVIEW:	Not applicable due to City Council Emergency Orders
CASE MANAGER:	Edward Hall

REQUEST:

The applicant is requesting a Certificate of Appropriateness for approval to:

- 1. Relocate the historic structure currently located at 903 Labor Street, in the Lavaca Historic District to 234 Yucca. A request is on the Historic and Design Review Commission Agenda for October 6, 2021, to zone the vacant lot at 234 Yucca, historic.
- 2. Construct an addition to feature approximately 195 square feet.

APPLICABLE CITATIONS:

Unified Development Code, Section 35-613 – Relocation of a Landmark of Property Located in a Historic District

(a)In considering whether to recommend approval or disapproval of a certificate application to relocate a building, object or structure designated a historic landmark or located in a historic district, the historic and design review commission shall be guided by the following considerations:

(1)The historic character and aesthetic interest the building, structure or object contributes to its present setting;

(2)Whether there are definite plans for the area to be vacated and what the effect of those plans on the character of the surrounding area will be;

(3)Whether the building, structure, or object can be moved without significant damage to its physical integrity;

(4)Whether the proposed relocation area is compatible with the historical and architectural character of the building, object, or structure.

(5)Balancing the contribution of the property to the character of the historic district with the special merit of the application.

(b)Should an application to relocate a building, object or structure be approved, the historic preservation officer shall ensure that the new location is already zoned historic or shall review whether such location should be designated.

(c)The historic preservation officer may approve applications for relocation for properties deemed noncontributing to the historic character of a historic district.

Historic Design Guidelines, Chapter 3, Guidelines for Additions

1. Massing and Form of Residential Additions

A. GENERAL

i. Minimize visual impact—Site residential additions at the side or rear of the building whenever possible to minimize views of the addition from the public right-of-way. An addition to the front of a building would be inappropriate.
ii. Historic context—Design new residential additions to be in keeping with the existing, historic context of the block. For example, a large, two-story addition on a block comprised of single-story homes would not be appropriate.
iii. Similar roof form—Utilize a similar roof pitch, form, overhang, and orientation as the historic structure for additions.

iv. Transitions between old and new—Utilize a setback or recessed area and a small change in detailing at the seam of the historic structure and new addition to provide a clear visual distinction between old and new building forms.

B. SCALE, MASSING, AND FORM

i. Subordinate to principal facade—Design residential additions, including porches and balconies, to be subordinate to the principal façade of the original structure in terms of their scale and mass.

ii. Rooftop additions—Limit rooftop additions to rear facades to preserve the historic scale and form of the building from the street level and minimize visibility from the public right-of-way. Full-floor second story additions that obscure the form of the original structure are not appropriate.

iii. Dormers—Ensure dormers are compatible in size, scale, proportion, placement, and detail with the style of the house. Locate dormers only on non-primary facades (those not facing the public right-of-way) if not historically found within the district.

iv. Footprint—The building footprint should respond to the size of the lot. An appropriate yard to building ratio should be maintained for consistency within historic districts. Residential additions should not be so large as to double the existing building footprint, regardless of lot size.

v. Height—Generally, the height of new additions should be consistent with the height of the existing structure. The maximum height of new additions should be determined by examining the line-of-sight or visibility from the street. Addition height should never be so contrasting as to overwhelm or distract from the existing structure.

3. Materials and Textures

A. COMPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

i. Complementary materials—Use materials that match in type, color, and texture and include an offset or reveal to distinguish the addition from the historic structure whenever possible. Any new materials introduced to the site as a result of an addition must be compatible with the architectural style and materials of the original structure.
ii. Metal roofs—Construct new metal roofs in a similar fashion as historic metal roofs. Refer to the Guidelines for Alternations and Maintenance section for additional specifications regarding metal roofs.

iii. Other roofing materials—Match original roofs in terms of form and materials. For example, when adding on to a building with a clay tile roof, the addition should have a roof that is clay tile, synthetic clay tile, or a material that appears similar in color and dimension to the existing clay tile.

B. INAPPROPRIATE MATERIALS

i. Imitation or synthetic materials—Do not use imitation or synthetic materials, such as vinyl siding, brick or simulated stone veneer, plastic, or other materials not compatible with the architectural style and materials of the original structure.

C. REUSE OF HISTORIC MATERIALS

i. Salvage—Salvage and reuse historic materials, where possible, that will be covered or removed as a result of an addition.

4. Architectural Details

A. GENERAL

i. Historic context—Design additions to reflect their time while respecting the historic context. Consider characterdefining features and details of the original structure in the design of additions. These architectural details include roof form, porches, porticos, cornices, lintels, arches, quoins, chimneys, projecting bays, and the shapes of window and door openings.

ii. Architectural details—Incorporate architectural details that are in keeping with the architectural style of the original structure. Details should be simple in design and compliment the character of the original structure. Architectural details

that are more ornate or elaborate than those found on the original structure should not be used to avoid drawing undue attention to the addition.

iii. Contemporary interpretations—Consider integrating contemporary interpretations of traditional designs and details for additions. Use of contemporary window moldings and door surroundings, for example, can provide visual interest while helping to convey the fact that the addition is new.

Standard Specifications for Windows in Additions and New Construction

Consistent with the Historic Design Guidelines, the following recommendations are made for windows to be used in new construction:

- GENERAL: Windows used in new construction should be similar in appearance to those commonly found within the district in terms of size, profile, and configuration. While no material is expressly prohibited by the Historic Design Guidelines, a high quality wood or aluminum-clad wood window product often meets the Guidelines with the stipulations listed below.
- SIZE: Windows should feature traditional dimensions and proportions as found within the district.
- SASH: Meeting rails must be no taller than 1.25". Stiles must be no wider than 2.25". Top and bottom sashes must be equal in size unless otherwise approved.
- DEPTH: There should be a minimum of 2" in depth between the front face of the window trim and the front face of the top window sash. This must be accomplished by recessing the window sufficiently within the opening or with the installation of additional window trim to add thickness. All windows should be supplied in a block frame and exclude nailing fins which limit the ability to sufficiently recess the windows.
- TRIM: Window trim must feature traditional dimensions and architecturally appropriate casing and sloped sill detail.
- GLAZING: Windows should feature clear glass. Low-e or reflective coatings are not recommended for replacements. The glazing should not feature faux divided lights with an interior grille. If approved to match a historic window configuration, the window should feature true, exterior muntins.
- COLOR: Wood windows should feature a painted finish. If a clad or non-wood product is approved, white or metallic manufacturer's color is not allowed and color selection must be presented to staff.

FINDINGS:

- a. The applicant is requesting a Certificate of Appropriateness for approval to relocate the historic structure at 903 Labor, in the Lavaca Historic District to 234 Yucca. A request is on the Historic and Design Review Commission Agenda for October 6, 2021, to zone the vacant lot at 234 Yucca, historic, and to construct an addition.
- b. PREVIOUS REVIEW A previous request to relocate the historic structure at 903 Labor to the Mission Historic District was approved by the Historic and Design Review Commission in April of 2020. Since that time, the Design Review Committee has reviewed requests for partial demolition and demolition with the salvaging of materials for the historic structure.
- c. RELOCATION The UDC Section 35-613 provides guidance for the relocation of a historic structure. Per this section, the Historic and Design Review Commission shall be guided by the following considerations: 1) the historic character and aesthetic interest the building contributes its present setting; 2) whether there are definite plans for the area to be vacated and what the effect of those plans on the character of the surrounding area will be; 3) whether the building can be moved without significant damage to its physical integrity; 4) whether the proposed relocation area is compatible with the historical and architectural character of the building; and 5) balancing the contribution of the property to the character of the historic district with the special merit of the application.
- d. RELOCATION As noted in finding a, the applicant has proposed to relocate a historic structure from the Lavaca Historic District to the Mission Historic District. Staff finds that the historic context of the block no longer exists, and that the relocation of the historic structure is appropriate. Staff finds that relocation within the Lavaca Historic District would be most appropriate.
- e. SETBACK This block of Yucca currently features an established setback. Staff finds that the relocated structure should feature a setback that is generally consistent with the existing setbacks on the block.

- f. ADDITION The Guidelines for Additions 1.A. notes that additions should be sited to minimize view from the public right of way, should be designed to be in keeping with the existing, historic context of the block, should feature similar roof forms, and should feature a transition to differentiate the new addition from the historic structure. Additionally, the Guidelines for Additions 1.B notes that additions should be subordinate o the principal façade of the historic structure, should feature a footprint that responds to the size of the lot, and should feature an overall height that is generally consistent with that of the historic structure. Generally, staff finds the proposed addition's height, massing and roof form to be appropriate. While the addition will feature massing to the side of the historic structure, the addition will be located toward the rear, and will extend only 5' 1" from the historic side façade. Staff finds that the proposed roof form should be modified to be more in keeping with the roof form of the historic structure.
- g. MATERIALS The applicant has proposed materials that include composite siding and a shingled roof. Staff finds the use of these materials to be appropriate; however, composite siding should feature a smooth finish and an exposure of four (4) inches.
- h. MATERIALS (Windows) The applicant has not specified window materials at this time. Staff finds that a wood or aluminum clad wood window that is consistent with staff's standards for windows in new construction and additions should be used.

RECOMMENDATION:

- 1. Staff recommends approval of item #1, relocation from 903 Labor to 234 Yucca based on finding s through e with the stipulation that the structure maintain its existing foundation height and that the setback be consistent with those found historically on this block of Yucca.
- 2. Staff recommends approval of item #2, the construction of an addition based on findings f through h with the following stipulations:
 - i. That the proposed composite siding feature a smooth finish and an exposure of four (4) inches.
 - ii. That a wood or aluminum clad wood window that is consistent with staff's standards for windows in new construction and additions be used.
 - iii. That the addition's roof form be modified to be more in keeping with that of the historic structure's.

City of San Antonio One Stop



October 1, 2021

CoSA Addresses



BCAD Parcels



Community Service Centers

CoSA Parcels

City of San Antonio One Stop



October 1, 2021

CoSA Addresses



BCAD Parcels



Community Service Centers

CoSA Parcels

Detailed Project Description

The request is for the proposed relocation of a historic house from 903 Labor St in the Lavaca Historic District to 234 Yucca St in the neighborhood of Denver Heights. The house would be fully relocated and restored at the 234 Yucca site with appropriate setbacks required by the City. Previous requests for relocation have been approved by the Commission as staff has found that the historic context of the block no longer exists where the house currently is located.

The structure will be relocated by Dodson House Moving. A new pier and beam foundation will be constructed at the 234 Yucca site prior to transport. Total roof removal will be necessary due to the route and roof height however the roof will be reconstructed at the new site. Structural integrity of the house will not be compromised during the transport. Please see Dodson's detailed proposal for reference.

Relocating the house to 234 Yucca provides an alternative to preserve the home in a neighborhood that shares the same craftsman architectural characteristics. The new site will also allow for the home to be oriented in an appropriately sized lot as the current parcel dimensions are not cohesive to the settings of the surrounding homes. The relocation of the house both matches and will enhance the character of the new site's neighborhood while creating additional affordable housing stock for a new family to call this long-unoccupied historic structure their new home.

The site plan and architectural renderings present an ideal rehab to ensure the home is best suited for modern family living while retaining its historic structure and style. As demonstrated in the accompanying documents, an additional master bedroom and deck has been added to the unit. While, the developer, Neighborhood Housing Services of San Antonio, Inc, is confident that this addition will maximize the home's usefulness and attractiveness to prospective buyers, it was purposefully designed as an optional expansion, and we understand it is subject to review and input from the City and OHP.

8/26/2021

To Whom It May Concern,

Southtown One, Ltd. gives Jeremy Carter and/or other representatives of Neighborhood Housing Services authority to submit, on its behalf, to the Office of Historic Preservation of the City of San Antonio, an application for relocation of the structure currently located at <u>903 Labor St San Antonio, TX</u> 78210. This authorization does not provide Mr. Carter and/or NHS the authority to make any binding commitments to the City of San Antonio, its offices or agents, or any other parties, on behalf of Southtown One, Ltd., unless otherwise approved in writing by Southtown One, Ltd.

Sincerely,

Nh Jon

Mario Gonzalez, Managing Partner for Southtown One, Ltd.

234 YUCCA IN-FILL LOT PHOTOS



Facing 234 Yucca



234 Yucca with neighboring home to the right.

903 LABOR - EXISTING EXTERIOR



WEST ELEVATION

903 LABOR - EXISTING EXTERIOR



NORTH ELEVATION



EAST ELEVATION

Materials to Be Used

Refer to Site Plan. Any new materials will match to existing materials as much as possible with fiber cement siding. The skirt will allow siding all the way to the ground. Roof will have shingles to match existing materials.

LOCATION MAP



- ABS = acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic pipe ACCA = Air Conditioning Contractors of America
- ACH=air changes per hour
- AHJ=authority having jurisdiction
- AMI=in accordance with manufacturer's instructions
- ASCE = American Society of Civil Engineers
- ASTM = American Society for Testing & Materials
- AWG = American Wire Gauge
- BO = building official
- Btu = British thermal unit
- BWL=braced wall line
- BWP = braced wall panel
- CATV = cable television
- cfm = cubic feet per minute
- CMU = concrete masonry unit
- CPVC = chlorinated polyvinyl chloride plastic pipe
- CSST = corrugated stainless steel tubing
- cu = cubic (ex: 24cu. ft.)
- Cu=copper
- DFU = drainage fixture unit (s)
- DW=dishwasher





Source: https://www.google.com/map

AERIAL MAP

Source: https://www.google.com/maps/ (Image Capture SEP-2021)

LOT 9

RM-4

ELEGAL DESCRIPTION NOTE: LEGAL DESCRIPTION: ZONING:

CODE ANALYSIS

SCOPE OF WORK: SINGLE-FAMILY

GOVERNING CODES:

ALL WORKS SHALL BE IN CONFIRMATION WHIT, BUT NO LIMITED TO, THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FOLLOWING, AN ANY OTHER FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL CODE, LAWS AND ORDINANCES THAT APPLY

BUILDING - 2018 INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE W/AMENDMENTS MECHANICAL - 2018 INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE W/AMENDMENTS ELECTRICAL - 2017 NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE W/AMENDMENTS

LIVING SPACE AREA: 1,059 SQ FT LOT AREA: 4,976.01 SQ FT

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: TYPE IIA

ABBREVIATIONS

DWV = drain, waste & vent e.g = for exampleEGC = equipment grounding conductor EMT = electrical metallic tubing ex = exampleFLR=flood level rim FAU = forced air unit (central furnace) ft (after number) = foot. feet (ex: 5ft) FVIR = flammable vapor ignition resistant galv = galvanizedGB = gypsum boardGEC = grounding electrode conductor ICF = insulating concrete forms IMC = intermediate metal conduit in (after number) = inch IS = IAMPO installation standard kw = kilowattL&L = listed and labeledlav = lavatory (sink)lb = poudLFMC = liquidtight flexible metal conduit LFNC = liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit

LL = lot line dividing one lot from another or from a street manu = manufacturer max = maximum min = minimum mph = miles per hourn/a = not applicableNM = nonmetallic sheathed cable0.C. = on centerPEX = cross linked polyethylene plastic pipe(water pipe) psf = pounds per square footpsi = pound per square inchpsig = pounds per square inch gage PT = preservative treated (wood)PVC = polyvinyl chloride plastic water pipe orelectrical conduit recep = receptacle outlet (electrical)RMC = rigid metal conduitSDC = Seismic Design Category SE = service entrance

8	Anita		
Yucca S	Anita St	- 24	
	Anita St		



SYMBOLS				
OTWDOLO				
DOOR SYMBOL				
WINDOW TYPE][
HEIGHT KEY				
ROOM NAME	R - ()			
CEILING HEIGHT	0' - 0"			
ROOF PITCH	4 - 12			
REVISION CLOUD				
SLOPE DIRECTION				
GRADE DROP MARKER	1-1/2" DROP			

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1.- THIS SET OF CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS IS PRESENTED TO INCLUDE DRAWINGS OF 24" x 36" SHEETS.
- FOR ANY ITEM IDENTIFIED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THAT IS REASONABLY AS A COMPONENT IN A SYSTEM AND REQUIRED FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THAT SYSTEM. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE ALL OTHER COMPONENTS IN THE WORK WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR THE COMPLETION AND FULLY OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF THAT SYSTEM
- ALL INFORMATION ON EXISTING CONDITIONS WAS SUPPLIED TO THE DESIGN TEAM CONTRACTOR IS REQUESTED TO VERIFY, ON-SITE, ALI CONDITIONS BEFORE STARTING CONSTRUCTION. REPORT ANY IMMEDIATELY TO THE DESIGN TEAM. CONTRACTOR SHALL FAMILIARIZE HIM (HER) SELF WITH EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ARE COMPLEMENTARY, AND WHAT IS REQUIRED BY ONE SHALL BE AS BINDING AS IF REQUIRED BY ALL. ALL CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING (IF APPLICABLE) - ARE TO BE USED OGETHER, GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS ARE RESPONSIBLE TO REVIEW COMPLETE SETS OF DOCUMENTS AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION
- 5.- THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS INDICATE THE GENERAL DESIGN INTENT, BUT DO NOT VECESSARILY DESCRIBE ALL WORK REQUIRED FOR FULL PERFORMANCE AND COMPLETION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL ITEMS REQUIRED FOR THE PROPER EXECUTION AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK.
- CONTRACTOR OF THE WORK SHALL VERIFY IN THE FIELD AND COORDINATE BETWEEN THE TRADES. OWNER SHALL BE MADE AWARE OF ALL CONDITIONS BOTH NEW AND EXISTING WHICH AFFECT WORK TO BE DONE OR RELEVANT THERETO, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROPERTY LINE DIMENSIONS. EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS, EXACT LOCATIONS OF ALL CONSTRUCTION, EXISTING AND NEW, EXISTENCE AND LOCATIONS OF ASBESTOS OR OTHER UNKNOWN TOXIC MATERIAL, DRIVEWAYS, WALKS, APRONS, UTILITIES GRADES, AND DRAINAGE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DISCOVERY OF ASBESTOS AND OTHER REGULATED TOXIC MATERIALS AND SHALL BEAR ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONFORMANCE TO FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THE DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. SHOULD ANY QUESTIONS ARISE PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OR DURING ANY PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT FOR REVIEW AND CLARIFICATION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THAT PORTION OF THE WORK OR ANY PART RELATED THERETO
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR PLAN REVIEWS REQUIRED BY THE CITY OF SAN ANTONIO
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL PERMITS, APPROVALS, AND INSPECTIONS REQUIRED BY THE CITY OF SAN ANTONIO. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES BEFORE STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
- OWNER SHALL BEAR ALL FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL PLAN REVIEWS, PERMITS, APPROVALS, AND INSPECTIONS REQUIRED BY THE CITY OF SAN ANTONIC

INDEX	
A-001 SITE PLAN	
COVER SHEET, TITLE, NOTES, LOCATION M	AP
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A-003 ELECTRICAL PLAN	
A-004 ELEVATIONS/ROOF PLAN	

S-1 ROOF FRAME, FRAMING AND WIND PLAN FOUNDATION PLAN FLOOR JOIST S-2

=SITE PLAN LEGEND=

PROPERTY LINE SETBACK LINE BUILDING EDGE LINE EXISTING FENCE

> 50.00' ш **4**00 30' 00 S

A-001 Scale: 1/8"=1'-0"

234 YUCCA ST. (60' RIGHT-OF-WAY)





AIR BARRIER

Thermal Envelope

TABLE R402.4.1.1

COMPONENT		INSULATION INSTALLATION CRITERIA			
General requirements	A continuous air barrier shall be installed in the building envelope. Exterior thermal envelope contains a continuous air barrier. Breaks or joints in the air barrier shall be sealed.	Air-permeable insulation shall not be used as a sealing material.			
Ceiling/attic	The air barrier in any dropped ceiling/sofiit shall be aligned with the insulation and any gaps in the air barrier shall be sealed. Access openings, drop down stair or knee wall doors to unconditioned attic spaces shall be sealed.	The insulation in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the air barrier.			
Walls	The junction of the foundation and sill plate shall be sealed. The junction of the top plate and top of exterior walls shall be sealed. Knee walls shall be sealed.	Cavities within corners and headers of frame walls shall be insulated by completely filling the cavity with a material having a thermal resistance of R-3 per inch minimum. Exterior thermal envelope insulation for framed walls shall be installed in substantial contact and continuous alignment with the air barrier.			
Windows, skylights and doors	The space between window/door jambs and framing and skylights and framing shall be sealed.				
Rim Joists	Rim joists shall include the air barrier.	Rim Joists shall be insulated.			
Floors (including above-garage and cantilevered floors)	The air barrier shall be installed at any exposed edge of insulation.	Floor framing cavity insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with the underside of the subfloor decking, or floor framing cavity insulation shall be permitted to be in contact with the top side of sheathing, or continuous insulation installed on the underside of floor framing and extends from the bottom to the top of all perimeter floor framing members.			
Crawl Space walls	Exposed earth in unvented crawl spaces shall be covered with a Class I vapor retarder with overlapping joints taped.	Where provided, instead of floor insulation, insulation shall be permanently attached to the crawlspace walls.			
Shafts, penetrations	Duct shafts, utility penetrations, and flue shafts opening to exterior or unconditioned space shall be sealed.				
Narrow cavities		Batts in narrow cavities shall be cut to fit, or narrow cavities shall be filled by insulation that on installation readily conforms to the available cavity space.			
Garage separation	Air sealing shall be provided between the garage and conditioned spaces.				
Recessed lighting	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the drywall.	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be air tight and IC rated.			
Plumbing and wiring		Batt insulation shall be cut neatly to fit around wiring and plumbing in exterior walls, or insulation that on installation readily conforms to available space shall extend behind piping and wiring.			
Shower/tub on exterior wall	The air barrier installed at exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall separate them from the showers and tubs.	Exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall be insulated.			
Electrical/phone box on exterior walls	The air barrier shall be installed behind electrical or communication boxes or air sealed boxes shall be installed.				
HVAC register boots	HVAC register boots that penetrate building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the subfloor or drywall.				
Concealed sprinklers	When required to be sealed, concealed fire sprinklers shall only be sealed in a manner that is recommended by the manufacturer. Caulking or other adhesive sealants shall not be used to fill volds between fire sprinkler cover plates and walls or ceilings.				

=GENERAL NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE FROM FACE OF STUD TO FACE OF STUD UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

- 2. WINDOW SIZES INDICATED ON PLANS ARE NOTED BY APPROXIMATE ROUGH OPENING SIZE, REFER TO PLANS AND EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS FOR WINDOW TYPES.
- 3. COORDINATE LOCATION OF UTILITY METERS WITH SITE PLAN AND LOCATE AWAY FROM PUBLIC VIEW. VISUAL IMPACT SHALL BE MINIMIZED, I.E. M OUNT AS LOW AS POSSIBLE.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL CLOSET SHELVING REQUIREMENTS.
 CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL CABINET DIMENSIONS BEFORE
- FABRICATION.
 BEDROOM WINDOWS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM NET CLEAR OPENING OF 5.7 SQFT A MINIMUM NET CLEAR OPENABLE WIDTH OF 20", A MINIMUM NET CLEAR OPENABLE HEIGHT OF 24" AND HAVE A MAXIMUM FINISH SILL HEIGHT OF 43" FROM FINISH FLOOR.
- 7. ALL GLASS LOCATED WITHIN 18" OF FLOOR, 12" OF A DOOR OR LOCATED WITHIN 60" OF FLOOR AT BATHTUBS, WHIRLPOOLS, SHOWERS, SAUNAS, STEAM ROOMS OR HOT TUBS SHALL BE TEMPERED.
- 8. PROVIDE COMBUSTION AIR VENTS, WITH SCREEN AND BACK DAMPER, FOR FIREPLACES, WOOD STOVES AND ANY APPLIANCE WITH AN OPEN FLAME.
- 9. BATHROOMS AND UTILITY ROOMS SHALL BE VENTED TO THE OUTSIDE WITH A MINIMUM OF A 40 CFM FAN. RANGE HOODS SHALL ALSO BE VENTED TO OUTSIDE.
- 10. ATTIC HVAC UNITS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN 20' OF ITS SERVICE OPENING. RETURN AIR GRILLES SHALL NOT BE LOCATED WITHIN 10 FEET OF A GAS FIRED APPLIANCE.
- 11. ALL WALLS AND CEILINGS IN GARAGE AND GARAGE STORAGE AREAS TO HAVE 5/8" TYPE-X GYP. BOARD W/ 1-HOUR FIRE RATING. ALL EXT. DOORS IN GARAGE TO BE METAL OR SOLID CORE DOORS INCLUDING DOORS ENTERING HEAT/COOLED PORTION OF RESIDENCE.
- 12. ALL INTERIOR WALLS SHALL BE COVERED WITH 1/2" GYPSUM BOARD, WITH METAL CORNER REINFORCING. TAPE FLOAT AND SAND. (3 COATS) USE 5/8" GYPSUM BOARD ON CEILING WHEN SUPPORTING MEMBERS ARE 24" O.C. OR GREATER USE 1/2" GYP. BOARD ON CEILING MEMBERS LESS THAN 24" O.C.
- 13. ALL BATH AND TOILET AREA WALLS AND CEILINGS SHALL HAVE WATER RESISTANT GYPSUM BOARD.
- 14. PERIMETER WALLS SHALL BE INSULATED WITH BATT INSULATION FIBER GLASS R-19.
- 15. ALL THE CEILING SHALL BE INSULATED WITH BATT INSULATION FIBER GLASS R-38.

FLOOR PLAN



6'-8" 4'-0" 2[°] 3[°]SH 6[°] HDR HT 4'-3" Ō 14 ,17'-8"5'-6" ရ Closet 1 **4'-3**" Γ Ι 33'-5' 3 19'-5 4'-1" ကု ē 4'-6 6'-11"



40'-3"

=_____ FIRST FLOOR ======



		ELECTRICAL LEGEND
מ ת	۲ ۲	CEILING MOUNT LIGHT WALL MOUNT LIGTH
		CEILING FAN
		FLUORESCENT LIGHT FIXTURE
₩ [₽] \$	5 ³ \$ ⁴ \$	SWITCHES: SINGLE POLE, WEATHER PROOF, 3-WAY, 4WAY
Φ.,		110V RECEPTACLES: DUPLEX. WEATHER PROOF. GFCI
(Φ	220V RECEPTACIES
(SMOKE DETECTOR
	\boxtimes	EXHAUST VENT / LIGTH / HEATER COMBO
	¥	VOICE / DATA OUTLET
	TV	TV
	E.P.	ELECTRIC PANEL
		ELECTRICAL NOTES
1.	ALL ELECTF THE NATION	RICAL DEVICES AND WORK COMPLY WITH THE STANDARD OF IAL ELECTRICAL CODE.
2.	PERFORMAI REGULATIOI AGENCIES.	NCE STANDARDS CONFORM ALL APPLICABLE CODES AND NS AS ESTABLISHED BY GOVERNING AND APPROVAL
3.	PROVIDE A APPLIANCE	MINIMUM OF ONE SEPARATE 20AMP CIRCUIT TO LAUNDRY S.
4.	PROVIDE A	MINIMUM OF TOW SEPARATE 20AMP CIRCUIT TO THE PLIANCES
5.	SWITCHES FOUR WHEI GROUPED U	AND DUPLEX OUTLETS OF MULTIPLE SWITCHES UP TO (4) N SHOWN ADJACENT TO EACH OTHER ON PLAN SHALL BE INDER (1) ONE PLATE.
6.	A SMOKE E INSTALLED WHERE REC SPECIFY OC	DETECTORS WITH CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR SHALL BE ON LIVING ROOM, BEDROOMS,HALL WAYS, KITCHEN AND QUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, CODES OR STANDARD FOR THE CCUPANCY.
7.	BLUE PVC E triple box S AND REQUIE	BOXES SUCH AS 18cu Single box, 32cu double box AND 44cu BHALL BE INSTALLED AND USED AS THE PROJECT'S NEEDS RED BY CODE.
8.	SWITCHES, RECEPTACL INSTALLED	RECEPTACLES OUTLETS, GFCI RECEPTACLES, 10-50R 3 POLE E, WATER PROOF OUTLETS AND LED LIGHTS SHALL BE AS THE PROJECT'S NEEDS AND REQUIRED BY CODE.
9.	PANEL B PROJECT'S	OARDS AND EXHAUST FANS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS THE NEEDS AND REQUIRED BY CODE.
10.	REFRIGERAT REQUIRED E	TOR OUTLET HAVE IT'S OWN DEDICATED CIRCUIT AS 3Y CODE.
11.	ALL COVEF COORDINAT	R PLATES FOR ALL DEVICES SHALL BE PROVIDE IN THE ED COLOR TO MATCH SURROUNDINGS.
12.	ALL DEVICE	ES SHALL BE U.L. APPROVED AND BEAR U.L. LABELS.
13.	VERIFY SER	VICES AND LOCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL APPLIANCES ANICAL EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
14.	220V RANG REQUIREME	E TO BE ON A DEDICATED CIRCUIT PER ELECTRICAL CODE
15.	THE CONTR REQUIRED N	RACTOR SHALL WIRE SEPARATE DEDICATED CIRCUITS FOR NUMBER OF OUTLETS STATED BY CODE IN KITCHEN AREA
16.	BREAKER BO PART.	OX TO BE INSTALLED AT 48" A.F.F. TO ITS HIGHEST OPERABLE

003		FLECTRICAL PLAN
Scale:	3/8"=1'-0"	











Foundation with $\frac{1}{2}$ " anchor bolts shall have minimum depth of 7

ON CENTER, WITH ONE BOLT LOCATED NO MORE THAN 12 INCHES FROM

EACH END. A NUT AND WASHED SHALL BE TIGHTENED ON EACH BOLT OF

1. THE INTENDED DESIGN STANDARDS (LATEST EDITION) AND/OR CRITERIA ARE AS FOLLOWS:

6.- ATTACH STUDS TOP AND BOTTOM PLATES WITH MIN. OF (4) 12d NAILS.

GENERAL INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL/BUILDING CODE EDITION 2018

ROOF 10 PSF - COMPOSITION SHINGLE

4. WIND LOAD: 115 mph APPLIED PER IBC - IRC = CATEGORY II

20 PSF

INCHES INTO CONCRETE. BOLT SPACING SHALL BE A MAXIMUM OF 6FEET

2018 IRC (International Residential Code)TABLE R802.4.1 (1) **RAFTER SPANS FOR COMMON LUMBER SPECIES** (Roof live load = 20 psf, ceiling not attached to rafters, $L/\Delta = 180$)

	CEILING SPECIES JOIST AND		DEAD LOAD = 10 psf					
			2" X 4"	2" X 6"	2" X 8"	2" X 10"	2" x 12"	
	(in)	GRADE	MAXIMUM CEILING JOIST SPANS					
			(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	
	12	SOUTHERN PINE #2	10' - 4"	15' - 7"	19' - 8"	23'-5"	Note b	
	16	SOUTHERN PINE #2	9' - 0"	13' - 6"	17' - 1"	20' - 3"	23'-10"	
	19.2	SOUTHERN PINE #2	8' - 2"	12' - 3"	15' - 7"	18' - 6"	21'-9"	
	24	SOUTHERN PINE #2	7' - 4"	11' - 0"	13' - 11"	16' - 6"	19'-6"	
	h Chan avenada 20	C fact in longth						

b. Span exceeds 26 feet in length

2018 IRC (International Residential Code)TABLE R802.5.1 (1) **CEILING JOIST SPANS FOR COMMON LUMBER SPECIES** (Uninhabitable attics without storage, live load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 240)

CEILING	SPECIES	DEAD LOAD = 5 psf			
JOIST AND		2" X 4"	2" X 6"	2" X 8"	2" X 10"
(in)	GRADE	MAXIMUM CEILING JOIST SPANS			
		(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)
12	SOUTHERN PINE #2	11' - 10"	18' - 8"	24' - 7"	Note a
16	SOUTHERN PINE #2	10' - 9"	16' - 11"	21' - 7"	25' - 7"
19.2	SOUTHERN PINE #2	10' - 2"	15' - 7"	19' - 8"	23' - 5"
24	SOUTHERN PINE #2	9' - 3"	13' - 11"	17' - 7"	20' - 11"
a. Span exceeds 26 feet in length					



ROUGH CARPENTRY NOTES

CEILING JOIST 10 PSF

3. SNOW LOAD: 5 PSF

1.0 EXPOSURE "B" 5. SEISMIC: SEISMIC CATEGORY "A"

THE PLATE

DESIGN CRITERIA NOTES

2. DESIGN LOADS

DEAD LOADS

LIVE LOADS ROOF

- 1. ALL WOOD FRAMING MATERIAL SHALL BE SURFACE DRY AND USED AT 19% MAXIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. ALL FRAMING LUMBER SHALL BE #2 SYP OR BETTER
- 2. ALL LOAD BEARING PARTITIONS SHALL RECEIVE A DOUBLE 2X TOP PLATE AND LAPPED AT
- CORNERS 3. ALL PARTITIONS SHALL BE BRACED ON THE TOP AT INTERVALS NOT EXCEEDING 6 FEET
- ON CENTER
- 4. ALL MULTIPLE GIRDERS, BEAMS AND JOIST SHALL BE GANG NAILED 5. ALL FRAMING EXPOSED TO WEATHER OR IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE MASONRY
- SHALL BE PRESSURE TREATED
- 6. PREFABRICATED METAL JOIST HANGERS, HURRICANE CLIPS, HOLD-DOWNS ANCHORS AND OTHER ACCESSORIES SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY "SIMPSON STRONG TIE" OR APPROVED EQUAL
- 7. PREFABRICATE LVL'S, GLULAMS, PSL HEADERS AND BEAMS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY APPROVED CORP OR EQUAL, MINIMUM BENDING STRESSES SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

LVL'S = 2,600 PSI PSL'S = 2,900 PSI GLULAMS = 2.400 PSI

- 8. ALL PLATES, ANCHORS, NAILS, BOLTS, NUTS, WASHERS AND OTHER HARDWARE EXPOSED TO WEATHER SHALL BE HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED
- 9. INSTALL ALL BLOCKING NECESSARY FOR ATTACHING ALL FINISHES, GYPSUM WALLBOARD, CABINETRY, ETC
- 10. ATTACH WOOD PLATES TO FOUNDATIONS WITH 1/2" ANCHOR BOLTS AT 4'-0" O.C. MAXIMUM SPACING WITH AT LEAST 2 BOLTS PER PLATE
- 11. INSTALL COLUMNS AT ALL LINTELS, BEAMS, HEADERS EQUAL TO THE WIDTH OF THE BEAM
- ALL MEMBERS WITH SPANS LESS THAN 5 FOOT SHALL HAVE SINGLE JACK STUDS 12. ATTACH WALL AND ROOF SHEATHING TO FRAMING WITH 8d NAILS AT 12" O.C. INTERMEDIATE SUPPORTS AND 6" O.C. EDGE
- SUPPORTS
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSURE THAT ALL LOADS AND REACTIONS FROM BEAMS, BEARING WALLS, COLUMNS, ETC ARE CONTINUOUSLY SUPPORTED TO THE FOUNDATION
- 14. ALL FLOOR SHEATHING SHALL BE A MINIMUM 3/4" TONGUE AND GROOVE SHEATHING GLUED AND NAILED AT 6" O.C. WITH 8d NAILS
- 15. TAPERED END CUTS SHALL MEET MANUFACTURES REQUIREMENTS
- 16. NOTCHING OF PREFABRICATE LUMBER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED, WEB HOLES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

CONSTRUCTION NOTES: 1. CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS SHALL CONTRACT WITH SURVEYOR TO VERIFY PROJECT ELEVATIONS AND BENCHMARK ELEVATION(S) PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. "MATCH EXISTING" SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD TO SIGNIFY BOTH VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT. ALL FINISHED EARTHEN GRADES SHALL NOT EXCEED 3:1 (H:V) SLOPE. 2.ANY EXISTING IMPROVEMENT OR UTILITY REMOVED, DAMAGED OR UNDERCUT BY CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AS DIRECTED AND APPROVED BY THE RESPECTED UTILITY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING GRASS, LANDSCAPING AND TREES NOT IN DIRECT CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION. 4. GRASSED AREA DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED BY THE CONTRACTOR WITH TOPSOIL AND SODDING AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL SECURE ALL PERMITS REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL NOTIFY ALL RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENTAL OR UTILITY AGENCIES AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION. 6. CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY, THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NO TO BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOUSE: AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER HARMLESS FROM ANY LIABILITY ARISING FROM SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER. 7. WHERE CONSTRUCTION IS IN THE PROXIMITY OF AN EXISTING UTILITY. THE CONTRACTOR WILL TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT AND/OR SUPPORT THE UTILITY AND ANY DAMAGE THAT MIGHT OCCUR SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. IF AT ANY TIME DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS A SEWER LINE HAS LESS THAN THREE (3) FEET OF COVER, IT SHALL BE ENCASED OR SADDI ED WITH CONCRETE 8. ALL TRENCHES CUT BENEATH PROPOSED SIDEWALKS AND PARKING OR STREET PAVEMENT AREAS SHALL BE BACKFILLED IN 8" LIFTS, COMPACTED TO 95% BE SUBJECT TO DENSITY TESTING 9. REFERENCE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR ALL FENCE LOCATIONS AND DETAILS AS

ADDITIONAL FRAMING NOTES:

INFORMATION NOT BEING PROVIDED BY THE CIVIL ENGINEER.

Contractor to install 2" x 6" wall blocking @ upper kitchen cabinet areas

Framing contractor to install temporary wind bracing while main structure frame is being constructed Contractor to use 2" x 6" strong-backs for roof rafter purlins, set a top load bearing walls beneath

ALL RAFTERS 2X8 @ 24" O.C. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE (SEE PLAN) ALL HIP, VALLEY & RIDGE 2X8

NOTE

NOTE:

FRAMER TO INSTALL CRICKETS AND DIVERTERS AS NEEDED TO PREVENT WATER TRAPS, MINIMUM ROOF PITCH IS 1:12

FRAMING NOTES (UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE: U.N.O.)

- 1. JOIST SPANS BASED ON SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE SPAN TABLES (12-15-92)
- 2. CONTRACTOR WILL VERIFY ALL SPANS WITH TABLE OR ENGINEER.
- 3. STUDS TO BE 2X4's @16" O.C. #2 SYP BLOCKING AT MID SPANS FOR WALLS GREATER THAN 9' HIGH.
- 4. ALL STUD WALLS SHALL BE DIAGONALLY BRACED WITH 1X4 LET-IN AT EACH END. AND AT 25' MAX SPACING BETWEEN WALL ENDS. ALL FIRST FLOOR PLATES TO BE PRESSURE TREATED LUMBER.
- 5. ALL BEAMS, JOIST, RAFTERS AND HEADERS TO BE #2 YSP **ROOF FRAMING:**

1. THE MAXIMUM UNSUPPORTED SPAN FOR 2X6 RAFTER SHALL BE 10'-7", RAFTERS ARE TO BE SUPPORTED BY CONTINUOUS 2X6 PERLIN BRACED WITH 2X6's DOWN TO LOAD BEARING WALLS @48" O.C.. MAXIMUM ANGLE FOR 2X6 BRACES = 45 DEGREES FROM VERTICAL. MAXIMUM UNSUPPORTED LENGTH FOR 2X6 BRACES = 8'. PROVIDE

- 2X6 COLLAR TIES @48" O.C. IN UPPER THIRD OF RAFTERS. 2. ROOF LIVE LOAD =20 PSF.
- ROOF DECKING SHALL BE 7/16" O.S.B.(EXPOSURE 1) 4. ALL JOIST FRAMING TO BEAMS SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY SIMPSON U JOIST METAL HANGERS. UNLESS OTHERWISE 5. ALL BEAMS FRAMING TO WALLS SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY

HEADERS SCHEDULE AS FOLLOWS

A MINIMUM OF 2-2X4 OR 2-2X6 STUDS.

1. (2-2X12's WITH 7/16"O.S.B. BETWEEN FOR ALL FIRST FLOOR HEADERS U.N.O.)

SIZE	MAXIMUM SPAN	SIZE	MAXIMUM SPAN
2-2X6 2-2X8	4'-7" 6'-0"	2-2X10 2-2X12	7'-6" 9'-0"
2. STI	JD WALLS 12' OR HIGH	IER SHALL	BE 2X6, 2-2X4 OR 4

- STUDS @ O.C. TWO FLOORS ABOVE SHALL BE 2X6 2-2X4 OR 4X4 STUDS @ 16" O.C. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY FIELD DIMENSIONS AND
- DETAILS, NOTIFY THE PROJECT ARCHITECT/ENGINEER ANY DISCREPANCY AND REVIEW FOR RECOMMENDATIONS OR REVISIONS IF NECESSARY. 4. ALL CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL CONFORM TO
- LOCAL CODES AND OSHA GUIDELINES. 5. DOUBLE ALL CEILING JOIST AND RAFTERS THAT SUPPORT FURNACES IN ATTIC.





BWL-1













NOTE:

The Finished Floor Elevation (FFE) must EH DW OHDVW ¶ DPVO DERYH PHDQ VHD level),

i.e., at least two-feet above the City of San Marcos Base Flood Elevation (BFE) of 577.4' amsl, per the adopted Ordinance, Flood Maps, and Model.

STRUCTURAL DESIGN CRITERIA

1. THE 2018 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE IS THE BASIC CODE DOCUMENT USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THESE DOCUMENTS.

STRUCTURAL DESIGN IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING:

FLOOR LIVE LOADS: Pier and Wd Beams = 100 PSF FLOOR DEAD LOADS: Wood Deck = 20 PSF

ROOF LIVE LOADS: N/A ROOF DEAD LOADS: N/A

GROUND SNOW LOAD = 5 PSF, IMPORTANCE FACTOR (i) = 1.0

DEAD LOAD COMBINATIONS (ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN METHOD) D

D + L D + L + (Lr or S or R)D + (W or 0.7E) + L + (Lr or S or R)06D + W 0.6D + 0.7E

WIND LOADS

ASCE 7 METHOD 2 - BUILDING AND OTHER STRUCTURES <= 60 FT.

BASIC WIND SPEED (3 SEC. GUST) = 115 MPH, BASIC WIND PRESS. = 16 PSF.

STRUCTURE TYPE = BUILDING STRUCTURE CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY II, EXPOSURE CATEGORY TOPOGRAPHIC EFFECTS (Kzt) = 1.0, GUST EFFECT FACTOR (G) = 0.85, **RIGID STRUCTURE.**

ENCLOSURE CLASSIFICATION: ENCLOSED UPLIFT: 7 PSF

SEISMIC LOADS

SEISMIC USE GROUP I SHORT DURATION Ss = 0.104 ONE SECOND DURATION Sd1 = 0.031 SITE CLASS = CSEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY = ABASIC SEISMIC-FORCE-RESISTING SYSTEM = ORDINARY STEEL MOMENT FRAME ANALYSIS PROCEDURE = SIMPLIFIED

SOIL DESIGN PARAMETERS: (ASSUMED) THE SOIL SUPPORTING THE FOUNDATION ARE EXPANSIVE WITH AN EFFECTIVE PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) > 15

MINIMUM EXTERIOR PIER DEPTH BELOW FINAL GRADE = 24" SOIL UNCONFINED COMPRESSION qu = 2800 - 3000 PSF.



5 VIEW PLAN-STAIRS TYP. SCALE: N.T.S.



